

**DC-DC Converters Input 10V-60V Output 5V/2A, ±15V/±0.3A Industry Standard 2×1.6 in.**

### Features

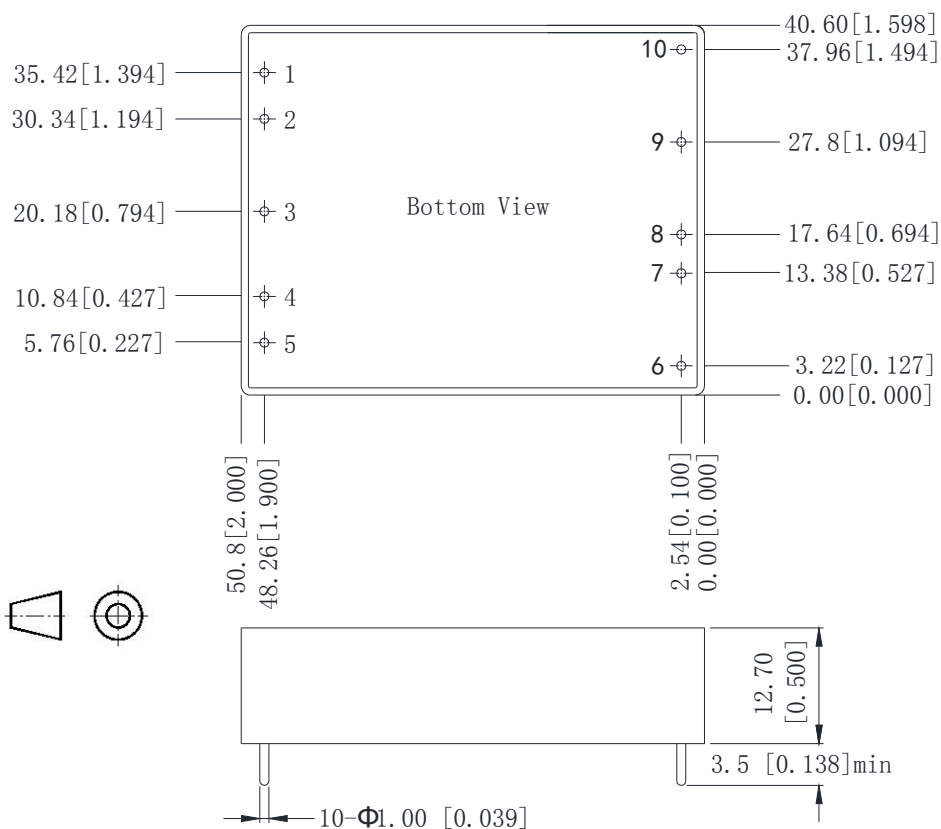
- ◆ Industry Standard 2×1.6 in.
- ◆ Wide input voltage range (10V to 60V)
- ◆ Input Under Voltage Protection (7.0V to 10.0V Turn off)
- ◆ Output Over Current Protection
- ◆ Output Short-circuit Protection(Hiccup mode, automatic recovery)
- ◆ High Efficiency, typical 86% (24V, full load)
- ◆ 1500Vdc Min.Isolation Voltage
- ◆ Operating Case Temperature -40°C to +100°C
- ◆ Applications: Vehicle power and control ,Industrial Electronics ,Communication equipments ,data exchange servers and distributed power etc.



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#### Outline Diagram



| Pin | Symbol | Function                |
|-----|--------|-------------------------|
| 1   | +Vin   | Input voltage positive  |
| 2   | -Vin   | Input voltage negative  |
| 3   | NP     | No pin                  |
| 4   | +Vin   | Input voltage positive  |
| 5   | -Vin   | Input voltage negative  |
| 6   | -Vo1   | 5V output negative      |
| 7   | +Vo1   | 5V output positive      |
| 8   | -Vo2   | -15V output             |
| 9   | Com    | Ground to -15V and +15V |
| 10  | +Vo3   | 15V output              |

Case material: Aluminium alloy and shielding board, black;  
Pins material: Copper alloy with gold plating.  
Note 1: 1 and 4 pins, 2 and 5 pins are not connected in the module.  
Note2: Units: mm(inches)  
Default Tolerance: X.X±0.5(X.XX±0.02) X.XX±0.25(X.XXX±0.010)

#### Specification

Unless otherwise specified, all values are given at: 25°C, one standard atmosphere pressure, pure resistive load and basic connection.

| Input                   | Symbol            | Min | Typ | Max  | Unit | Conditions    |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-----|-----|------|------|---------------|
| Input Voltage           | V <sub>in</sub>   | 10  | 24  | 60   | V    | —             |
| Under Voltage Threshold | V <sub>UVLO</sub> | 7.0 | —   | 10.0 | V    | 50% load test |

**DC-DC Converters Input 10V-60V Output 5V/2A, ±15V/±0.3A Industry Standard 2×1.6 in.**

Continue

| Input               |      | Symbol              | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Conditions |
|---------------------|------|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------------|
| Start-up Delay Time | 5V   | $T_{\text{delay}1}$ | —   | 7   | —   | ms   | —          |
|                     | -15V | $T_{\text{delay}2}$ | —   | 7   | —   | ms   | —          |
|                     | +15V | $T_{\text{delay}3}$ | —   | 7   | —   | ms   | —          |

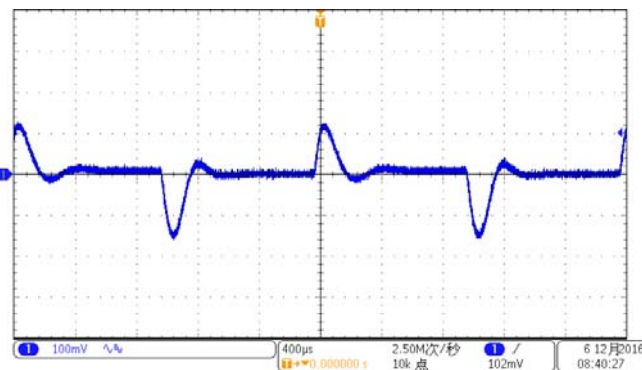
| Output                               |                                 | Symbol                  | Min                     | Typ    | Max    | Unit       | Conditions  |  |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------|--------|------------|---|--|
| Output Voltage                       | 5V                              | $V_{O1}$                | 4.95                    | 5.00   | 5.05   | V          | —   |  |
|                                      | -15V                            | $V_{O2}$                | -14.55                  | -15.00 | -15.45 | V          | —   |  |
|                                      | +15V                            | $V_{O3}$                | 14.85                   | 15.00  | 15.15  | V          | —   |  |
| Output Current                       | 5V                              | $I_{O1,\text{nom}}$     | —                       | 2      | —      | A          | —   |  |
|                                      | -15V                            | $I_{O2,\text{nom}}$     | —                       | -0.3   | —      | A          | —   |  |
|                                      | +15V                            | $I_{O3,\text{nom}}$     | —                       | 0.3    | —      | A          | —   |  |
| Line Regulation                      | 5V                              | $S_{V1}$                | —                       | —      | ±0.2   | % $V_{O1}$ | $V_{\text{in}}: 10\text{V} \sim 60\text{V}, I_{O1}=2\text{A}, I_{O2}=-0.3\text{A}, I_{O3}=0.3\text{A}$  |  |
|                                      | -15V                            | $S_{V2}$                | —                       | —      | ±0.2   | % $V_{O2}$ |   |  |
|                                      | +15V                            | $S_{V3}$                | —                       | —      | ±0.2   | % $V_{O3}$ |   |  |
| Load Regulation                      | 5V                              | $S_{I1}$                | —                       | —      | ±0.5   | % $V_{O1}$ | $V_{\text{in}}=24\text{V}, I_{O1}=10\%I_{O1,\text{nom}} \sim I_{O1,\text{nom}}$   |  |
|                                      | -15V                            | $S_{I2}$                | —                       | —      | ±5     | % $V_{O2}$ | $V_{\text{in}}=24\text{V}, I_{O2}=10\%I_{O2,\text{nom}} \sim I_{O2,\text{nom}}$   |  |
|                                      | +15V                            | $S_{I3}$                | —                       | —      | ±0.5   | % $V_{O3}$ | $V_{\text{in}}=24\text{V}, I_{O3}=10\%I_{O3,\text{nom}} \sim I_{O3,\text{nom}}$   |  |
| Output Over Current Protection Range | 5V                              | $I_{O1,\text{lim}}$     | 2.2                     | —      | 3.6    | A          | $V_{\text{in}}=24\text{V}$  |  |
|                                      | -15V                            | $I_{O2,\text{lim}}$     | 0.33                    | —      | 0.78   | A          | $V_{\text{in}}=24\text{V}$ , When test one output, another output full load   |  |
|                                      | +15V                            | $I_{O3,\text{lim}}$     | -0.33                   | —      | -0.78  | A          |   |  |
| Output Short-circuit Protection      | Hiccup mode, automatic recovery |                         |                         |        |        |            |   |  |
| Peak to Peak Ripple and Noise        | 5V                              | $\Delta V_{\text{pp}1}$ | —                       | —      | 50     | mV         | 20MHz bandwidth, $V_{\text{in}}=24\text{V}$ , $I_{O,\text{nom}}$ , pure resistive load, $V_{O1}$ and $V_{O2}, V_{O3}$ have not common ground, $V_{O2}, V_{O3}$ have common ground |  |
|                                      | -15V                            | $\Delta V_{\text{pp}2}$ | —                       | —      | 120    | mV         |   |  |
|                                      | +15V                            | $\Delta V_{\text{pp}3}$ | —                       | —      | 120    | mV         |   |  |
| Rise Time                            | 5V                              | $T_{\text{rise}1}$      | —                       | 8      | —      | ms         | $V_{\text{in}}=24\text{V}, I_{O,\text{nom}}$ , pure resistive load  |  |
|                                      | -15V                            | $T_{\text{rise}2}$      | —                       | 12     | —      | ms         |   |  |
|                                      | +15V                            | $T_{\text{rise}3}$      | —                       | 12     | —      | ms         |   |  |
| Output Overshoot                     | 5V                              | $V_{\text{TO}1}$        | 0                       | 0.25   | 0.5    | V          | $V_{\text{in}}=24\text{V}, I_{O,\text{nom}}$ , pure resistive load  |  |
|                                      | -15V                            | $V_{\text{TO}2}$        | 0                       | 0.75   | 1.5    | V          |   |  |
|                                      | +15V                            | $V_{\text{TO}3}$        | 0                       | 0.75   | 1.5    | V          |   |  |
| Capacitive Load                      | 5V                              | $C_{O1}$                | 0                       | —      | 1000   | μF         | $V_{\text{in}}=24\text{V}, I_{O,\text{nom}}$ , pure resistive load  |  |
|                                      | -15V                            | $C_{O2}$                | 0                       | —      | 330    | μF         |   |  |
|                                      | +15V                            | $C_{O3}$                | 0                       | —      | 330    | μF         |   |  |
| Load Transient                       | Recovery Time                   | 5V                      | $t_{\text{tr}1}$        | —      | —      | 200        | μs  | 25%~50%~25% $I_{O,\text{nom}}$ or 50%~75%~50% $I_{O,\text{nom}}$ ; 0.1A/μs<br>$V_{\text{in}}=24\text{V}$ |
|                                      |                                 | -15V                    | $t_{\text{tr}2}$        | —      | —      | 200        | μs  |  |
|                                      |                                 | +15V                    | $t_{\text{tr}3}$        | —      | —      | 200        | μs  |  |
|                                      | Voltage Deviation               | 5V                      | $\Delta V_{\text{tr}1}$ | —      | —      | ±250       | mV  |  |
|                                      |                                 | -15V                    | $\Delta V_{\text{tr}2}$ | —      | —      | ±750       | mV  |  |
|                                      |                                 | +15V                    | $\Delta V_{\text{tr}3}$ | —      | —      | ±750       | mV  |  |
| Cross Regulation                     |                                 | $V_C$                   | —                       | ±3     | ±5     | % $V_{O2}$ | $I_{O3} > 0.03\text{A}$ , $V_{O2}$ to $V_{O3}$  |  |

**DC-DC Converters Input 10V-60V Output 5V/2A, ±15V/±0.3A Industry Standard 2×1.6 in.**

| General                 | Symbol  | Min  | Typ             | Max        | Unit       | Conditions                    |
|-------------------------|---|------|-----------------|------------|------------|-------------------------------|
| Efficiency              | $\eta$  | 84   | 86              | —          | %          | $V_{in}=24V, I_{o,nom}$       |
| Switching Frequency     | $f_s$   | —    | 300             | —          | kHz        | —                             |
| Isolation Resistance    | $R_{iso}$   | 50   | —               | —          | M $\Omega$ | 500Vdc,90%RH                  |
| Isolation Voltage       | $V_{iso}$   | 1500 | —               | —          | Vdc        | Input to output, 1min/0.5mA   |
|                         |   | 1000 | —               | —          | Vdc        | Vo1-Vo2、Vo3, 1min/0.5mA       |
| MTBF                    | —   | —    | $2 \times 10^6$ | —          | h          | BELLCORE TR-332, 25°C         |
| Case Temperature        | —   | -40  | —               | +100       | °C         | See the derating curve        |
| Storage Temperature     | —   | -55  | —               | +125       | °C         | —                             |
| Temperature Coefficient | $S_T$   | —    | —               | $\pm 0.02$ | %/°C       | —                             |
| Relative Humidity       | —   | 10   | —               | 90         | %          | No condensing, 40°C $\pm$ 2°C |
| Hand Soldering          | Maximum soldering Temperature < 425°C, and duration < 5s  |      |                 |            |            |                               |
| Wave Soldering          | Maximum soldering Temperature < 255°C, and duration < 10s |      |                 |            |            |                               |
| Weight                  | —   | —    | 40              | —          | g          | Single product                |

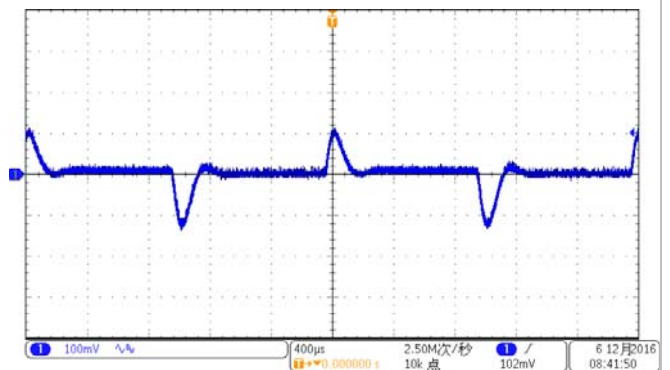
### Characteristic Curves

**5V Load Transient Response**



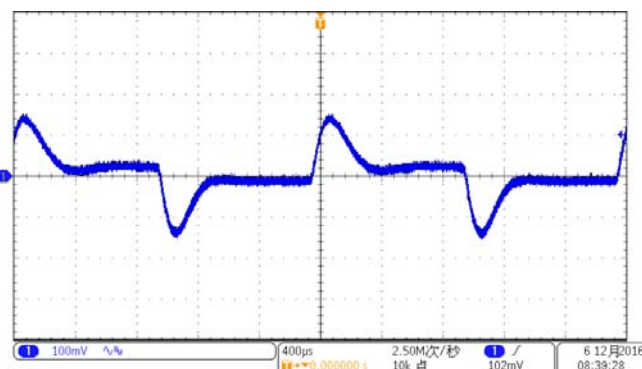
Load change: 25%~50%~25%  $I_{o,nom}$ , 0.1A/ $\mu$ s  
 $V_{in}=24Vdc$

**5V Load Transient Response**



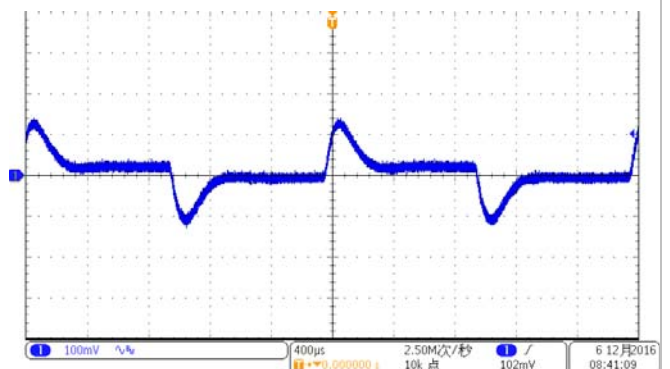
Load change: 50%~75%~50%  $I_{o,nom}$ , 0.1A/ $\mu$ s  
 $V_{in}=24Vdc$

**-15V Load Transient Response**



Load change: 25%~50%~25%  $I_{o,nom}$ , 0.1A/ $\mu$ s  
 $V_{in}=24Vdc$

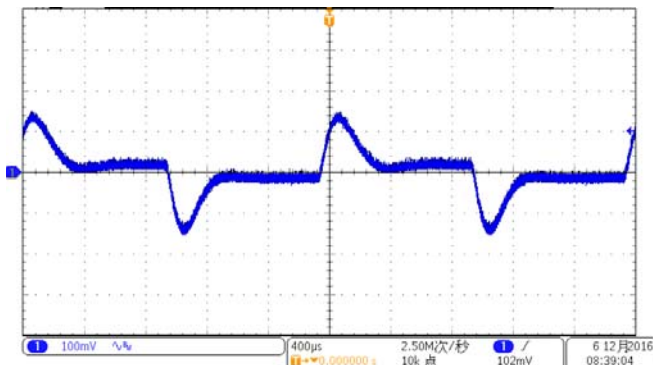
**-15V Load Transient Response**



Load change: 50%~75%~50%  $I_{o,nom}$ , 0.1A/ $\mu$ s  
 $V_{in}=24Vdc$

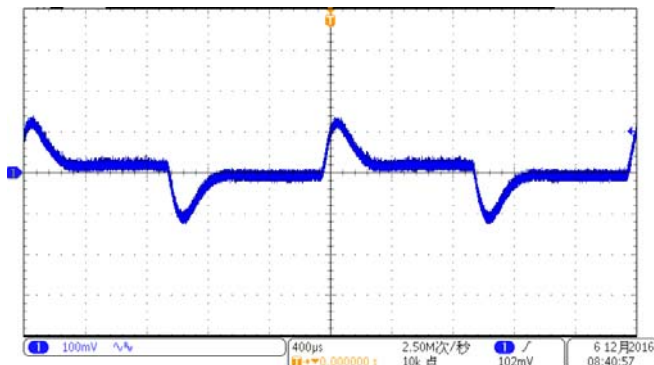
**DC-DC Converters Input 10V-60V Output 5V/2A, ±15V/±0.3A Industry Standard 2×1.6 in.**

**+15V Load Transient Response**



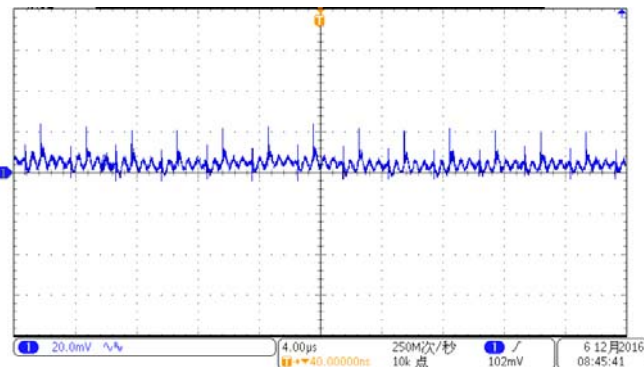
Load change:25%~50%~25%  $I_{O,nom}$ , 0.1A/µs  
 $V_{in}$ =24Vdc

**+15V Load Transient Response**



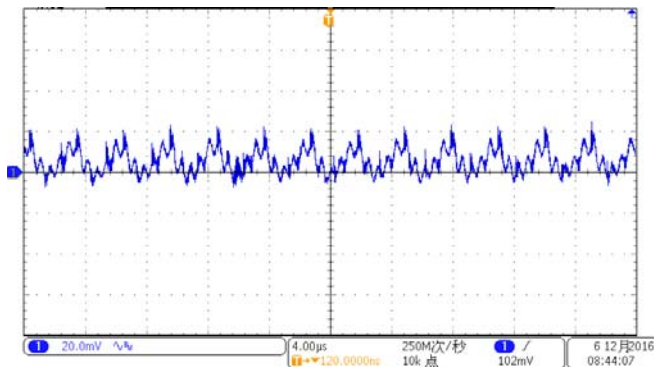
Load change:50%~75%~50%  $I_{O,nom}$ , 0.1A/µs  
 $V_{in}$ =24Vdc

**5V Output Ripple and noise**



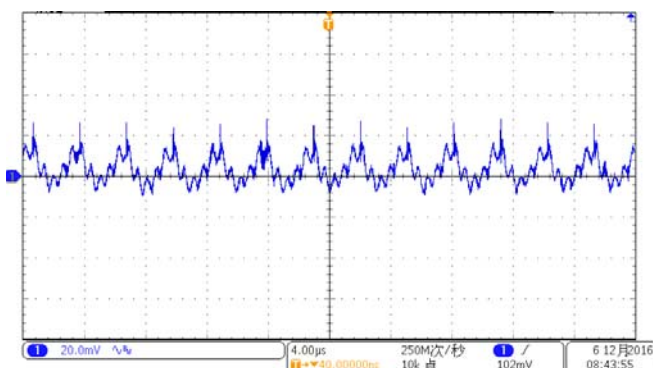
$V_{in}$ =24Vdc,  $I_{O1}$ =2A

**-15V Output Ripple and noise**



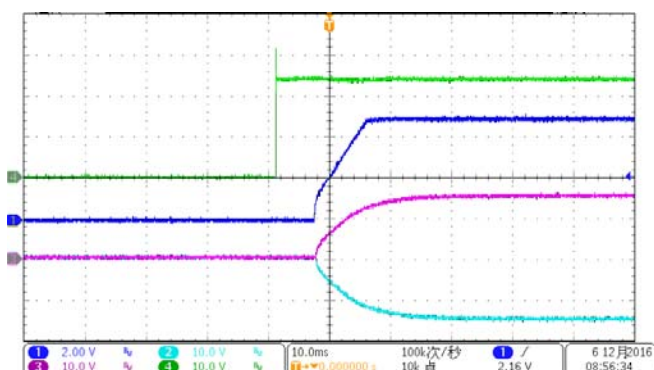
$V_{in}$ =24Vdc,  $I_{O2}$ =-0.3A

**+15V Output Ripple and noise**



$V_{in}$ =24Vdc,  $I_{O3}$ =0.3A

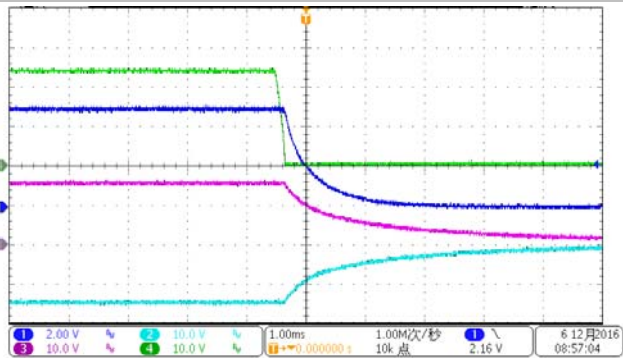
**Start-up Delay Time**



Channel 4 (green line): Input voltage  
 Channel 1 (deep blue line): 5V output voltage  
 Channel 2 (light blue line): -15v output voltage  
 Channel 3 (purple line): +15V output voltage  
 $V_{in}$ =24Vdc, $I_{O,nom}$

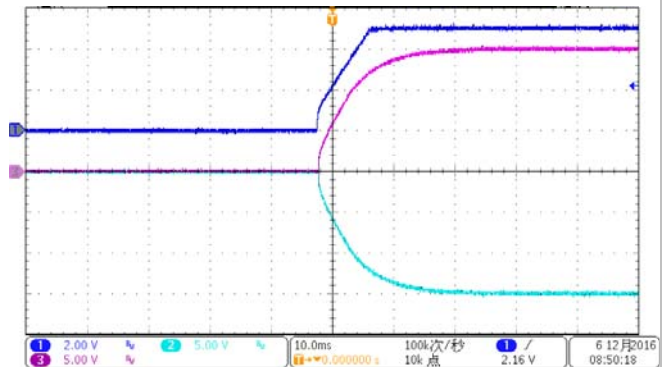
**DC-DC Converters Input 10V-60V Output 5V/2A, ±15V/±0.3A Industry Standard 2×1.6 in.**

**output hold-up time**



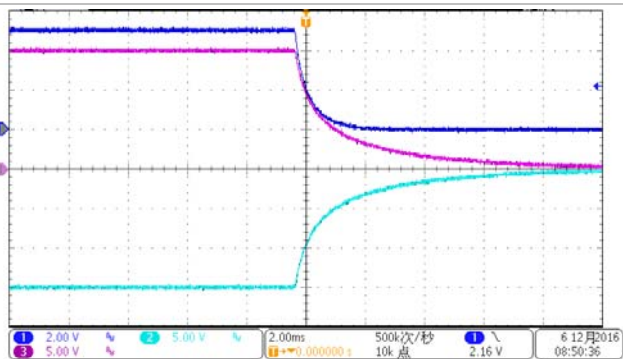
Channel 4 (green line): Input voltage  
 Channel 1 (deep blue line): 5V output voltage  
 Channel 2 (light blue line): -15v output voltage  
 Channel 3 (purple line): +15V output voltage  
 $V_{in}=24Vdc, I_{o,nom}$

**Rise Time**



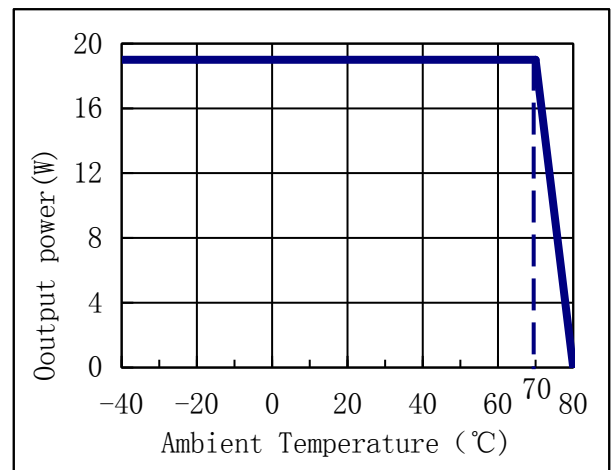
Channel 1 (deep blue line): 5V output voltage  
 Channel 2 (light blue line): -15v output voltage  
 Channel 3 (purple line): +15V output voltage  
 $V_{in}=24Vdc, I_{o,nom}$

**Turn-off**

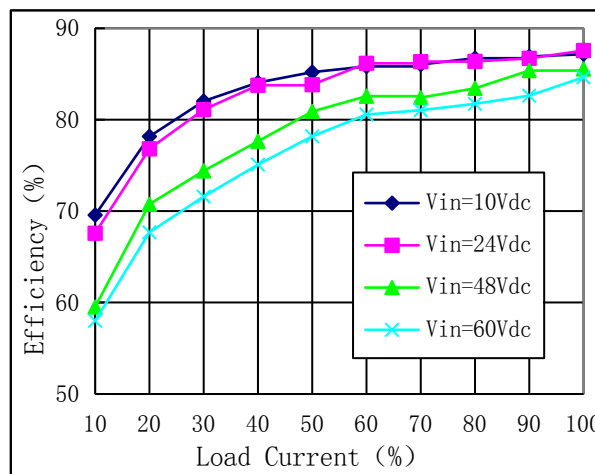


Channel 1 (deep blue line): 5V output voltage  
 Channel 2 (light blue line): -15v output voltage  
 Channel 3 (purple line): +15V output voltage  
 $V_{in}=24Vdc, I_{o,nom}$

**Derating ( $V_{in}=24V$ )**

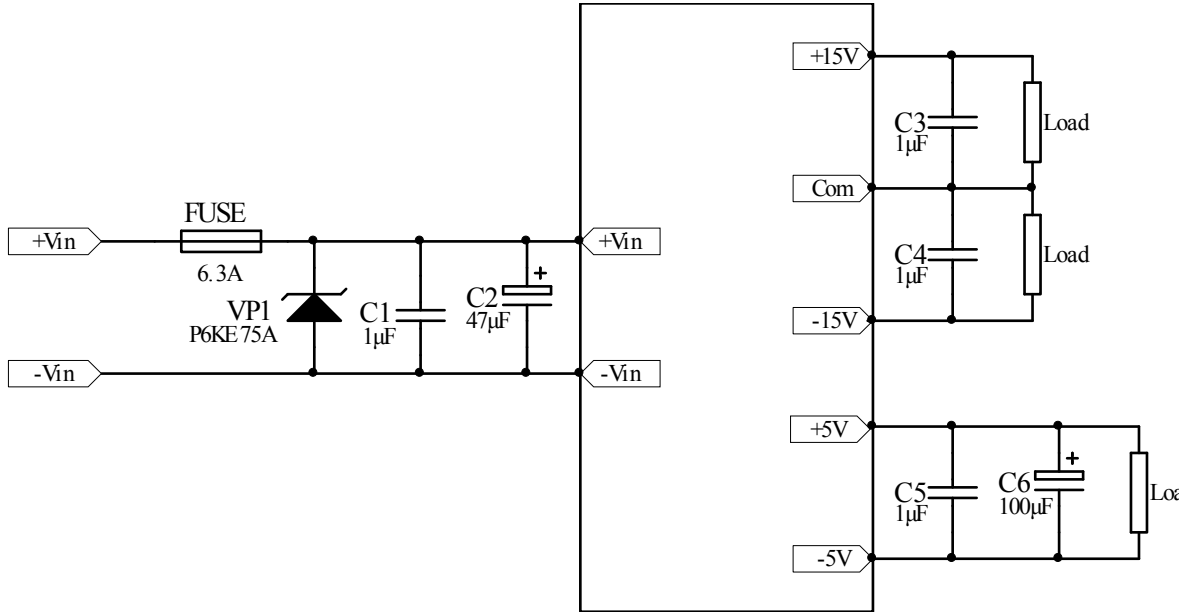


**Efficiency vs  $I_o$  &  $V_{in}$**



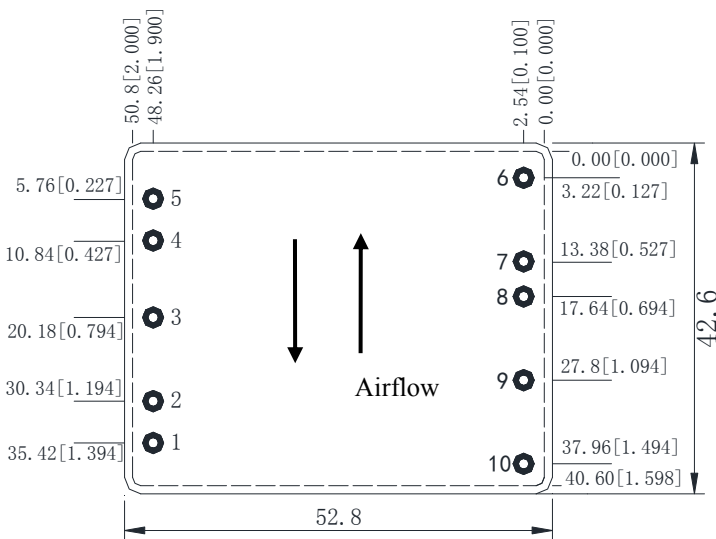
**Design Considerations**

**Basic Connection**



Notes: The basic connection indicates the basic requirements that the power module can provide rated output voltage and rated power only. Please refer the instruction followed for further information.

**Recommended Layout**



| NO.                | Recommendation & Notes  |
|--------------------|---|
| Pad Design         | Pad hole: 1.3mm, pad diameter including hole: at least 2.6mm  |
| Mounting Direction | Metal heat sink face up, avoid downward, in order to prevent the flow of hot air is blocked   |
| Safety             | Isolated Converters, care to the spacing between input and output   |
| Electrical         | The Vin(-) and Vo(-) planes should be placed under of the converter separately. Avoid routing sensitive signal or high disturbance AC signal under the converter. |

**Input Voltage Range**

The input voltage range of the DC/DC converter is 10V to 60V. The input impedance of the converter looks like a negative resistor, which can interact with the reactance of the power bus (including any filter elements that have been added to the input of the converter), causes an unstable condition. Depending on the internal transformer's impedance, the external impedance usually should not exceed the 10% of the internal. So, the source impedance of the Power bus should be kept as low as possible.

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**External Capacitance**

Unless special purpose (i.e. prolonging hold-up time, input impedance matching), the recommended input filter's capacitance ranges 47 $\mu$ F-220 $\mu$ F, which not only offers a stable system, and reduces the cost, but also lessens the inrush current when the power supplies.

When larger capacitance is required, a circuit of suppressing the inrush current is recommended when the regulator start-up and a discharge circuit is recommended when the output dropped, ensuring the reliability and safety of other equipments in the system.

**Thermal Consideration**

The converters operate in a variety of thermal environments; however, sufficient cooling should be provided to ensure reliable operation of the unit. Heat is removed by conduction, convection and radiation to the surrounding environment.

When ambient temperature is higher than the permitted operating, the derating curves should be referred or external heat dissipation measures. Forced air cooling or heatsink, should be used. The air tunnel should be considered for forced air cooling, to avoid heated air be hindered or forming swirl; when heatsink used, it should be attached the converter closely, through double-side thermal conductivity insulation adhesive or thermal conductivity silicone for heat exchange.

**Safety Consideration**

The converters, as one component for the end user, should be installed into the equipment, and all the safety considerations are achieved under certain condition. It is required to meet safety requirements in system design for the user. The converter output is considered SELV, and the expected input is considered TNV2, the primary to secondary is basic insulation to EN60950. The maximum operating temperature for PCB is 130 °C.

To avoiding fire and be protected when short circuit occurred, it is recommended that a fast blow fuse with rating 2.5 to 3 times of converter's continuous input peak current is used in series at the input terminal. (Inrush current suppression circuit is required for greater filter capacitance at input terminal, or it will result in the misoperation of the fuse ).

**ESD Control**

The converters are processed and manufactured in an ESD controlled environment and supplied in conductive packaging to prevent ESD damage from occurring before or during shipping. It is essential that they are unpacked and handled using an ESD control procedures. Failure to do so affects the lifetime of the converter.

**Cleaning Notice**

The converter case is not a hermetically-sealed construction, a sufficient drying process is required after the converter cleaning, make sure the liquid congregated is removed, or it will damage the converter or degradation of performance

After surface treatment, the appearance of the converter may be affected by the organic solvent, protection measures should be taken before cleaning when appearance is concerned.

**Quality Statement**

The converters are manufactured in accordance with ISO 9001 system requirements, and are monitored 100% by auto-testing system, 100% burn in.

The warranty for the converters is 5-year.



## Contact Information

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& Beijing Wienpower Technology Co. Ltd.

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