HESION | 禾信

Technical Specification V1.0 2024.04

RAHS300-110A48(-Y) DC-DC Converter

Input $66V\sim160V$. Output 48V/6.25A

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Features

◆ Half-Brick

RAHS300-110A48(62.0mm×58.9mm×12.7mm) RAHS300-110A48-Y(85.0mm×62.0mm×29.7mm)

- Input Under Voltage Protection
- ◆ Positive Logic Control (3.5V to 15V turn on)
- Output Over Voltage Protection (OVP)
- Output Short-circuit Protection, hiccup, auto-recovery
- ◆ High efficiency up to 88% (110V, full load)
- ◆ 3000Vac Isolation Voltage
- Operating Ambient Temperature: $(-40 \ \mathbb{C} \sim +85 \ \mathbb{C})$
- lacktriangle Over Temperature Protection: 110 CTyp.
- ◆ Meets requirements of Standard EN50155
- Application: Industry, and Rail transit & Railway application





RoHS
Converter RAHS300-110A48

RAHS300-110A48-Y

Ordering Information

See Contents for individual product ordering numbers.

Suffix	Meaning	Ordering Model
	Basic Model	RAHS300-110A48
P	Negative Logic Control. Turn off when CNT pin is applied to 3.5~15V voltage or kept floating; Turn on when CNT pin is applied to 0~1.5V voltage	RAHS300-110A48P
	Basic Model	RAHS300-110A48-Y
P	Negative Logic Control. Turn off when CNT pin is applied to 3.5~15V voltage or kept floating; Turn on when CNT pin is applied to 0~1.5V voltage	RAHS300-110A48P-Y

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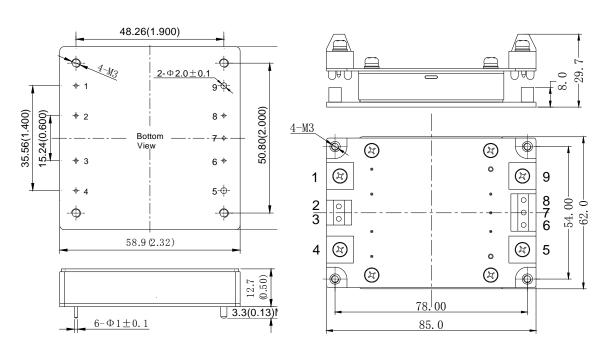
RAHS300-110A48(-Y) DC-DC Converter

Input $66V\sim160V$, Output 48V/6.25A

Outline Diagram

RAHS300-110A48

RAHS300-110A48-Y



Pin	Symbol	Function			
1	-Vin	Negative Input			
2	NP	No Pin			
3	CNT	Remote Control Pin			
4	+Vin	Positive Input			
5	+V ₀	Positive output			
6	+S	Positive Remote Sense			
7	TRIM	Output voltage adjust			
8	-S	Negative Remote Sense			
9	-Vo	Negative Output			

Case material: Black flame retardant Plastic; Pins: copper with gold plating

Aluminum baseplate can be connected to Protective Earth pin by M3 screw.

Notes: all dimensions in mm[inches]
Tolerances:X.X±0.5mm X.XX±0.25mm

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RAHS300-110A48(-Y) DC-DC Converter

Input $66V\sim160V$, Output 48V/6.25A

Specifications

Unless otherwise specified, all tests are at room temperature and standard atmosphere pure re, , pure resistive load and basic connection.

Input	Input		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions
Input Vol	tage	Vin	66	110	160	V	_
Maximum Inpu	ut Current	I _{in}	-	ı	5.3	A	_
Positive Logic	Current	_	-	ı	1	mA	CNT source current when turn on
Remote	ON	_	3.5	ı	15.0	V	Refer to -Vin;Also turn on when
Control	OFF	_	0	_	1.5	V	CNT floating
	ON	_	0	I	1.5	V	Refer to –Vin; Also turn on when CNT links to -V _{in}
Negative Logic	Current	_	_	ı	5.0	mA	CNT source current when turn on
Remote Control	OFF	_	3.5	_	15.0	V	Refer to -V _{in} ; Turn off when CNT floating
	Current	_	_	_	5.0	mA	CNT sink current when turn off
Under Vol Thresho		V _{UVLO}	40	I	65	V	_
Start-up Delay Time		T_{delay}	-	20	_	ms	_

Out	tput	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions	
Output	Power	P_{O}	-	-	300	W	_	
Output	Voltage	$V_{\rm O}$	47.52	48.00	48.48	V	_	
Output	Current	I_{O}	-	6.25	-	A	_	
1	tage Adjust	V_{trim}	43.2	_	52.8	V	P₀≤300W, I₀≤6.25A	
Remote		V _{sense}	_	_	0.5	V	_	
Line Re	gulation	S_{V}	_	_	±0.2	% V _O	$V_{in}:66V\sim160V, I_{o}=6.25A$	
Load Re	gulation	S_{I}	_	_	±0.5	% V _O	V _{in} =110V, I ₀ :0%~100%I _{0,nom}	
Peak to Peak Ripple and Noise		$\triangle V_{pp}$	-	_	300	mV	20MHz bandwidth, Output equipped 10µF tantalum capacitor and 1µF ceramic capacitor	
Load	Recovery Load Time		_	_	400	μs	Load change:25%~50%~25% &	
Transient	Voltage Deviation	$\triangle V_{tr}$	_	_	±1920	mV	50%~75%~50% Current change: 0.1A/μs	
Capacitive 1	Load Range	Co	0	_	800	μF	V_{in} :66V \sim 160V, Pure resistive load	
Rise Time		T_{rise}	-	15	ı	ms	I _{o,nom} , Pure resistive load	
Output Overshoot		V_{TO}	0	_	10	$%V_{O}$	V_{in} :66V \sim 160V, Pure resistive load	
OVP Set Point		V _{ov,set}	55.2	_	67.2	V	_	
Current Lin	nit Inception		6.88	_	11.25	A	_	

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RAHS300-110A48(-Y) DC-DC Converter

Input $66V{\sim}160V,~Output~48V/6.25A$

Output Short-circuit	Hisaun mada automatia rasayary	
Protection	Hiccup mode, automatic recovery	_

General	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions
Efficiency	η	-	88	_	%	$V_{in}=110V$, $I_{o}=6.25A$
Switching Frequency	f_s	_	275	_	kHz	_
Isolation Resistance	R _{iso}	50	_	_	ΜΩ	Under normal atmospheric pressure, Relative humidity:90%, Test voltage:500Vdc
		3000	_	_	Vac	Input to output Leak Current:5mA
Isolation Voltage	V _{iso}	2000	_	-	Vac	Input to case Leak Current:5mA
		2000	_	-	Vac	Output to case Leak Current:5mA
Operating Baseplate Temperature	_	-40	_	100	$^{\circ}$	_
Operating Ambient Temperature	_	-40	_	85	$^{\circ}$	See Natrual Cooling Derating
OTP Set Point	T_{ref}	105	110	115	$^{\circ}$	Baseplate Temperature
Storage Temperature	_	-55	_	125	$^{\circ}$ C	_
Temperature Coefficient	S_{T}	_	_	±0.02	%/°C	_
MTBF	_	_	2×10 ⁶	_	h	BELLCORE TR-332
Hand Soldering	Maximum soldering Temperature < 425 °C ,and duration < 5s					
Wave Soldering	Maximum soldering Temperature < 255 °C, and duration < 10s					
Waisht	_	_	92	_	g	RAHS300-110A48
Weight		_	140	_	g	RAHS300-110A48-Y
Shock and Vibration	Meets EN50155					

EMC SPECIFICATIONS	Conditions	Level
Conducted emission	EN55032	CLASS A(See Page 9)
Fast transient/burst	IEC/EN61000-4-5 line to line($\pm 1 \text{kV}/2\Omega$);	Dout Cuitorio A (Soo Dogo O)
immunity	GB/T 17626.5 line to ground($\pm 2kV/12\Omega$)	Perf. Criteria A(See Page 9)
G	IEC/EN61000-4-4 ±2kV(5/50ns, 5kHz)	Don't Critoria A(Con Dono O)
Surge immunity	GB/T 17626.4	Perf. Criteria A(See Page 9)

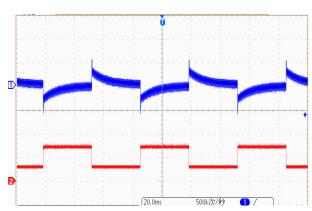
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RAHS300-110A48(-Y) DC-DC Converter

Input $66V\sim160V$, Output 48V/6.25A

Characteristic Curves

Load Transient Response

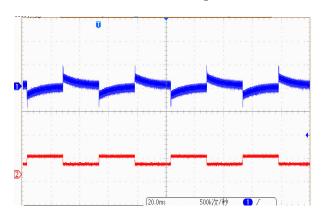


Load change:25% \sim 50% \sim 25% Io,max, 0.1A/ μ s Vin=110Vdc

Trace1:500mV/div Trace2:2A/div

Time scale:20ms/div

Load Transient Response

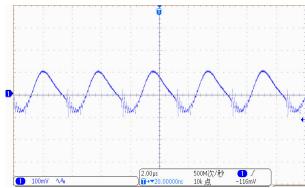


Load change:50% \sim 75% \sim 50% Io,max, 0.1A/ μ s

Vin=110Vdc

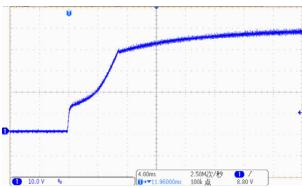
Trace1:500mV/div Trace2:5A/div Time scale:20ms/div

Output Ripple and noise



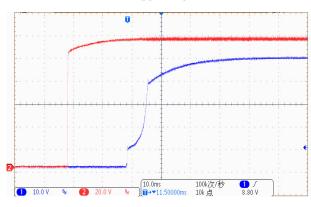
 V_{in} =110Vdc, I_{O} =6.25A (20MHz)

Start-up Delay Time



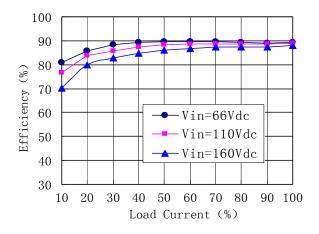
 V_{in} =110Vdc, I_O =6.25A (20MHz)

Rise Time



 $V_{in}=110Vdc$, $I_{O}=6.25A$ (20MHz)

Efficiency vs Load Current

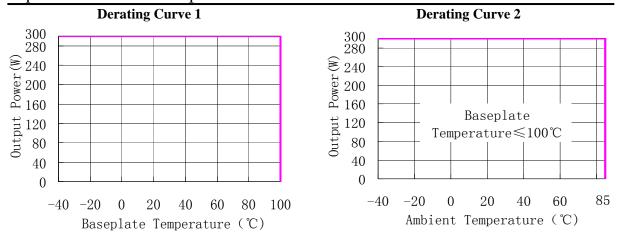


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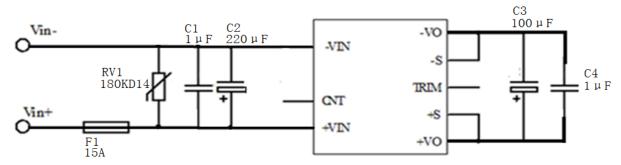
Input $66V\sim160V$, Output 48V/6.25A



Note:during the converters'installation,attention should be paid to the flow direction of the hot air to ensure the smooth exchange of the heat with the environment. As long as the baseplate temperature does not exceed 100°C, the converters can work normally within the required ambient temperature range. For the specified ambient temperature, users can increase airflow and change the size of heatsink to improve the heat dissipating for the module with baseplate.

Design Considerations

Basic Connection



Notes: The basic connection indicates the basic requirements. Please refer to the instruction followed for further information.

Input Voltage Range

The input voltage range of the DC/DC converter is $66V \sim 160V$. The input impedance of the converter looks like a negative resistor, which can interact with the reactance of the power bus (including any filter elements that have been added to the input of the converter), causes an unstable condition.

The method to determine whether the impedance of the power bus too high or not is to decrease the converter's input voltage from higher to lower gradually, if the output voltage decreases (unstable sometime) with the lower input voltage, it will be considered the impedance too large. For further confirmation, one electrolytic capacitor can be paralleled to the converter pins after the converter shuts down (A $1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor may be required to be paralleled with the electrolytic capacitor), if the output getting better, it will be sure that the impedance is too large.

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RAHS300-110A48(-Y) DC-DC Converter

Input $66V\sim160V$, Output 48V/6.25A

External Capacitance

Unless special purpose (i.e. prolonging hold-up time, input impedance matching), the recommended input filter's capacitance ranges $47\mu F\sim 220\mu F$, which not only offers a stable system, and reduces the cost, but also lessens the inrush current when the power supplies.

When larger capacitance is required, a circuit of suppressing the inrush current is recommended when the regulator start-up and a discharge circuit is recommended when the output dropped, ensuring the reliability and safety of other equipments in the system.

Remote Control

Remote control can be offered by setting right control voltage level (floating, high resistance) to CNT pin. Positive Logic Control: When the level is $3.5V\sim15V$ or be left floating, the converter will be on. When the level is less than 1.5V, the converter will be off. The circuit diagram is shown as "internal circuit diagram for positive logic control".

Due to VD1 is signal diode, and the logic comparator is semiconductor integrated chip with low resistance to surge. Care should be taken to prevent CNT from surge, A TVS should be used in some cases.

In some applications, extra controls will be designed for the converter in user's PCB, such as output short circuit protection, over voltage protection, under voltage protection, synchronous control to the converter output voltage, and so on, remote control will give you help. The controls can be achieved by external circuit applied to the CNT pin.

Logic Comparator

WD1

CNT

-Vin

Internal Circuit Diagram For Positive Logic Control

RAHS300-110A48P-Y is provided with negative logic remote

control. It has the same characteristic as RAHS300-110A48-Y, except control logic. When the pin is left floating or the voltage of the pin is $3.5V\sim15V$, the converter will turn off. When the level is less than 1.5V, the converter will turn on.

When the signal from the system is beyond 3.5V~15V, or it can be enabled only within a very narrow control level, the aux circuit will be required. Please contact us for more information.

Output Voltage Adjust

The converters have an Output Voltage adjust pin (Trim). This pin can be used to adjust the output voltage above or below Output voltage initial setting. When increasing the output voltage, the voltage at the output pins (including any remote sense offset) must be kept below the maximum output adjust range, or the characteristics will not be assured in compliant with the specification, even the over voltage protection may be triggered. Also note that at increased output voltages the maximum power rating of the converter 300W remains the same, and the output current capability will decrease correspondingly, at decrease output voltages the maximum current should not exceed 6.25 A. When the trim pins are not used, they should be floated.

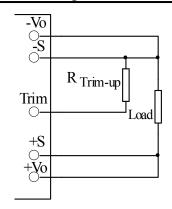
External circuit is connected as the figure shown, the resistance is calculated as the formula below, please note that the formula will be invalid when $R_{Trim-up}$, $R_{Trim-down}$ are used simultaneously, users adjust the value based on the resistance applied.

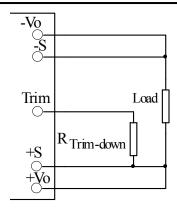
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Connection for Trimming Up

Connection of Trimming Down

Resistance for trimming up:
$$R_{Trim-up} = \left(\frac{113}{\Delta V} - 20\right)(k \Omega)$$

Resistance for trimming down:
$$R_{Trim-down} = \left(\frac{45.3V_0 - 20\Delta V - 113}{\Delta V}\right)(k \Omega)$$

Remote Sense

The remote sense can be used to compensate for the voltage drop between the output pins of the converter and the load input pins by +S, -S pins. The +S and -S pins should be connected to the input pins of the load respectively. The remote sense circuit will compensate for up to 0.5V drop between the sense voltage and the voltage at the output pins. If the remote sense is not needed, the -S should be connected to +V0 and +S should be connected to +V0.

The anti-interference design should be considered when the $+S_{\infty}$ -S pins are connected to the pins to be compensated. The $+S_{\infty}$ -S traces should be located close to a ground trace or ground plane, and the area they surrounded should be minimized (just for electrical isolation); If cable connection presents, twisted pair wires should be used, EMI core are equipped with the twisted pair wires to reduce common mode noise when necessary, the sense leads should not be longer than 200mm,or the system characteristics may not be assured.

The sense leads only can carry very little current, and are not used for converter power output. Care should be taken in operation to avoid damaging the converter.

Output Over Voltage Protection(OVP)

The clamp type over voltage protection feature is used to protect the converter, when output voltage exceeds 115%~140% of the rated output voltage (the set point is between 55.2V~67.2V, there is the difference based on the specific parameters, but not beyond the range), the output voltage will clamped.

Thermal Consideration

The loss of the converters in normal operation will be converted into heat which can cause the converters itself to rise in temperature. RAHS300-110A48-Y is provided with Over Temperature Protection Feature. The temperature sensor is located on the aluminum baseplate. The converters will be off when the average temperature of the baseplate is higher than that of the over temperature protection point.

In order to ensure that the converter can work normally at rated power, the client system needs to ensure

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RAHS300-110A48(-Y) DC-DC Converter

Input $66V\sim160V$, Output 48V/6.25A

that the aluminum baseplate temperture is less than 100°C.

When aluminum baseplate temperture is higher than 100°C, the derating curves should be referred or external heat dissipation measures. Forced air cooling or heatsink should be used. The air tunnel should be considered for forced air cooling, to avoid heated air be hindered or forming swirl; when heatsink used, it should be attached the converter closely, through double-side thermal conductivity insulation adhesive or thermal conductivity silicone for heat exchange. It is necessary to select the appropriate radiator according to the heat resistance of the radiator without air cooling.

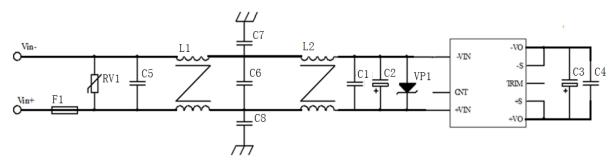
Safety Consideration

The converter, as a component for the end user, should be installed into the equipment, and all the safety considerations are achieved under certain condition. It is required to meet safety requirements in system design for the user.

To avoid fire and be protected when short circuit occurred, it is recommended that a fast blow fuse with rating $2 \sim 3$ times of converter continuous input peak current is used in series at the input terminal. (Inrush current suppression circuit is required for greater filter capacitance at input terminal, or it will result in the misoperation of the fuse).

EMC Solution

Recommendation circuit for EMI Conducted emission. Fast transient/burst immunity. Surge immunity.



Part No.	Components	Part No.	Components
F1	15A /Fuse	L1	1.6 mH Common Mode Inductor
RV1	180KD14/Varistor	L2	3.5mH/Common Mode Inductor
C1、C5、C6	1μF/Film Capacitor	VP1	180V/TVS
C4	1μF/Ceramic Capacitor	C2	220μF E-CAP
C7、C8	4700pF Y-CAP	C3	100μF E-CAP

Product Installation and Heat Dissipation

The product can be installed in user board, suggest using M3 screw to fix the products in user board, in order to enhance the bearing ability when impact and vibration coming. Note that, when you hammer the product using screws, this product shall be first fixed, again a needle pin welding, prevent strain soldered dot. Moreover the biggest torque of fastening screw cannot exceed 0.6 N.m, otherwise it will likely damage. the structural related to studs.

Metal surface of this product structured by aluminum PCB which has good thermal conductivity, mapping the overburden with heat conduction medias or thermal gaskets, then install proper radiator.

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Proper radiator and flows through radiator wind will greatly enhance products cooling capacity. When you install radiator, you should be paid attention to the length of the bolt, ensure that has no relevant relatives with the screws fixed on PCB.

ESD Control

The converters are processed and manufactured in an ESD controlled environment and supplied in conductive packaging to prevent ESD damage from occurring before or during shipping. It is essential that they are unpacked and handled using an ESD control procedures. Failure to do so affects the lifetime of the converter.

Cleaning Notice

The converter is suitable for water washing, because it does not have any pockets where water could be trapped long-term. Users should ensure that the drying process is adequate and of sufficient duration to remove all water from the converter after washing, do not power up the unit until it is completely dry.

Delivery Package Information

RAHS300-110A48 Package material is multiple wall corrugated, internal material is anti-static foam, it's surface resistance is from $10^5 \,\Omega$ to $10^{12} \,\Omega$. Tray capacity:12 PCS/box, tray weight:1.1 kg:carton capacity:15×12=180PCS, carton weight:17 kg.

RAHS300-110A48-Y Package material is multiple wall corrugated, internal material is anti-static foam, it's surface resistance is from $10^5 \Omega$ to $10^{12} \Omega$. Tray capacity:1×3=3 PCS/box, tray weight:0.51 kg; carton capacity:15×3=45 PCS, carton weight:8.5 kg.

Quality Statement

The converters are manufactured in accordance with ISO-9001 system requirements, in compliant with EN50155, and are monitored 100% by auto-testing system, 100% burn in.

The warranty for the converters is 5-year.

Contact Information

Anhui Hesion Trading Co.,Ltd. & Beijing Yihongtai Technology Dev.Co.,Ltd

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