# RAHS300-110A12DC-DC ConverterInput 66V~160V, Output 12V/25A, Industry Standard half Brick

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### Features

- ◆ Half-Brick ( 62.0mm×58.9mm×12.7mm )
- Input Under Voltage Protection (40V to 65V Turn off)
- Positive Logic Control ( 3.5V to 15V Turn on )
- Output Over Voltage Protection
- Output Voltage Adjust Range: ±10 % of the rated output voltage
- Output Short-circuit Protection, auto-recovery
- Typical Efficiency up to 90% (110V, full load)
- ♦ 3000Vac Isolation Voltage
- Operating Ambient Temperature:-40 to 85
- Over Temperature Protection: 115 Typ.
- Meets requirements of Standard EN50155
- Application: Rail transit& Railway



# **Ordering Information**

See Contents for individual product ordering numbers.

Suffix	Meaning	Ordering Model
	Basic Model	RAHS300-110A12
Р	Negative Logic Control. Turn off when CNT pin is applied to 3.5 ~ 15V voltage or kept floating; Turn on when CNT pin is applied to 0 ~ 1.5V voltage	RAHS300-110A12P

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### **Outline Diagram**



### Specifications

Unless otherwise specified, all values are given at room temperature and standard atmosphere pressure, pure resistive load and basic connection.

Input	t	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions
Input Voltage		V <sub>in</sub>	66	110	160	V	—
Maximum Inpu	ut Current	I <sub>in</sub>			5.3	Α	—
	On	_	3.5		15.0	V	Refer to -V <sub>in</sub> ; Also turn on when CNT floating.
Positive Logic Remote Control	Off		0	_	1.5	V	Refer to -V <sub>in</sub>
Kennote Control	Current	_			1.0	mA	CNT source current when low level turned off
	On	_	0		1.5	V	Refer to -V <sub>in</sub> ; Also turn on when CNT links to -V <sub>in</sub>
Negative Logic	Current	_			5.0	mA	CNT source current when low level turned on
Control	Off	_	3.5		15.0	V	Refer to -V <sub>in</sub> ; Turn off when CNT floating
	Current	_			5.0	mA	CNT sink current when high level turned off.
Start-up Dela	Start-up Delay Time			300		ms	$I_{o,nom}$ , pure resistive load
Under Voltage Threshold		V <sub>UVLO</sub>	40		65	V	

Output	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions
Output Power	Po	_	_	300	W	—
Output Voltage	Vo	11.88	12.00	12.12	V	—

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	Output	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions
Out	put Current	Io		25	_	Α	—
Output Vol	ltage Adjust Range	V <sub>trim</sub>	10.8		13.2	V	trim up:P₀≤300W trim down:I₀≤25A
	note Sense ensation Range	V <sub>sense</sub>			0.5	V	—
Line	e Regulation	$S_V$			±0.2	%Vo	$V_{in}:66V \sim 160V, I_0=25A$
Load	d Regulation	SI		_	±0.5	%V <sub>O</sub>	$V_{in}\!\!=\!\!110V$ , $I_o$ : 0% ~ 100% $I_{o,nom}$
Peak to	Peak Ripple and Noise	$V_{pp}$			200	mV	20MHz bandwidth, Output external capacitance value is shown in the "Basic Connection"
Load	Recovery Time	t <sub>tr</sub>		_	400	μs	Load change:25% ~ 50% ~ 25% &
	Voltage Deviation	$V_{tr}$		_	±600	mV	50% ~ 75% ~ 50%; Current change: 0.1A/μs
Capacit	ive Load Range	Co	0		2200	μF	$V_{in}$ : 66V ~ 160V, pure resistive load
Outp	ut Overshoot	V <sub>TO</sub>	0	_	10	%V <sub>0</sub>	$v_{in}$ . 00 $v \sim 100 v$ , pure resistive load
OV	OVP Set Point		14.4	_	18.0	V	—
Current Limit Inception		V <sub>ov,set</sub> I <sub>o,lim</sub>	28	_	45	Α	—
Output Short-circuit Protection				hic	cup mod	e, autom	atic recovery
F	Rise Time	T <sub>rise</sub>	_	7		ms	I <sub>o,nom</sub> , pure resistive load

General	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions
Efficiency	η		90		%	$V_{in}$ =110V , $I_o$ =25A
Switching Frequency	$f_s$		200	_	kHz	—
Isolation Resistance	R <sub>iso</sub>	50			MΩ	Under normal atmospheric pressure, Relative humidity:90%, Test voltage:500Vdc
		3000			Vac	Input to output, Leak Current≤5mA
Isolation Voltage	V <sub>iso</sub>	2000	_	_	Vac	Input to case, Leak Current≤5mA
		2000	_	—	Vac	Output to case, Leak Current≤5mA
Operating Baseplate Temperature	-	-40		100		—
Operating Ambient Temperature	-	-40		85		See Natrual Cooling Derating
OTP Set Point	T <sub>ref</sub>		115			Baseplate Temperature
Storage Temperature	_	-55		125		—
Temperature Coefficient	ST		_	±0.02	%/	—
MTBF	_		$2 \times 10^{6}$		h	BELLCORE TR-332
	$R_{\theta CA}$		6.0		/W	Natural Convection Without Heatsink
	$R_{\theta CA}$		5.0	_	/W	Natural Convection With Heatsink
Thermal resistance	$R_{\theta CA}$		4.0		/W	100LFM Convection Without Heatsink
	$R_{\theta CA}$		3.1	_	/W	100LFM Convection With Heatsink
	$R_{\theta CA}$		3.6	_	/W	200LFM Convection Without Heatsink
	$R_{\theta CA}$		2.5		/W	200LFM Convection With Heatsink

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General	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions	
	$R_{\theta CA}$		3.2	—	/W	300LFM Convection Without	
	κθርΑ					Heatsink	
	D		2.1		/W	300LFM Convection With	
Thermal resistance	$R_{\theta CA}$	_	2.1		/ W	Heatsink	
Thermal resistance	D	—	3.1	_	/W	400LFM Convection Without	
	$R_{\theta CA}$					Heatsink	
	D		1.5		/W	400LFM Convection With	
	$R_{\theta CA}$	—	1.5		/ •••	Heatsink	
Shock and Vibration		Meets EN50155					
Hand Soldering	Maximum soldering Temperature < 425 , and duration < 5s						
Wave Soldering	Maximum soldering Temperature < 255 , and duration < 10s						
Weight	_	98 _ g _					

<b>EMC SPECIFICATIONS</b>	Conditions	Level
EMI Conducted emission	EN55032	CLASS A(See Page 8)
Surge immunity	IEC/EN61000-4-4line to line( $\pm 1kV/2\Omega$ );GB/T 17626.5line to ground( $\pm 2kV/12\Omega$ )	Perf. Criteria B(See Page 8)
Fast transient/burst immunity	IEC/EN61000-4-5 ±2kV(5/50ns, 5kHz) GB/T 17626.4	Perf. CriteriaA(See Page 8)

## **Characteristic Curves**



# **HESION** | 禾信

# RAHS300-110A12 DC-DC Converter Input 66V~160V, Output 12V/25A, Industry Standard half Brick Start-up Delay Time



Derating curve with 0.95"HS radiator







### **Design Considerations**



**Basic Connection** 



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#### **Input Voltage Range**

The input voltage range of the DC/DC converter is  $66V \sim 160V$ . The input impedance of the converter looks like a negative resistor, which can interact with the reactance of the power bus (including any filter elements that have been added to the input of the converter), causes an unstable condition.

The method to determine whether the impedance of the power bus too high or not is to decrease the converter's input voltage from higher to lower gradually, if the output voltage decreases (unstable sometime) with the lower input voltage, it will be considered the impedance too large. For further confirmation, one electrolytic capacitor can be paralleled to the converter pins after the converter shuts down (one 1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor may be required to be paralleled with the electrolytic capacitor), if the output getting better, it will be sure that the impedance is too large.

#### **External Capacitance**

Unless special purpose (i.e. prolonging hold-up time, input impedance matching), the recommended input filter's capacitance ranges  $47\mu F \sim 220\mu F$ , which not only offers a stable system, and reduces the cost, but also lessens the inrush current when the power supplies.

When larger capacitance is required, a circuit of suppressing the inrush current is recommended when the regulator start-up and a discharge circuit is recommended when the output dropped, ensuring the reliability and safety of other equipments in the system.

#### **Remote Control**

Remote control can be offered by setting right control voltage level (floating , high resistance )to CNT pin. RAHS300-110A12 is provided with positive logic remote control. The circuit diagram is shown as "Internal Circuit Diagram for Positive Logic Control". When the pin is left floating or the voltage of the pin is higher than  $3.5V \sim 15V$ , the converter will turn on. When the level is less than 1.5V, the converter will turn off. RAHS300-110A12P is provided with negative logic remote control. It has the same characteristic as RAHS300-110A12, except control logic. When the pin is left floating or the voltage of the pin is  $3.5V \sim 15V$ , the converter will turn off. RAHS300-110A12P is provided with negative logic remote control logic. When the pin is left floating or the voltage of the pin is  $3.5V \sim 15V$ , the converter will turn off. When the level is less than 1.5V, the converter will turn on.



Due to the logic comparator is semiconductor integrated chip, they have low endurance to surge. Care should be taken to prevent CNT from surge, A TVS should be used in some cases.

In some applications, extra controls will be designed for the converter in user's PCB, such as output short circuit protection, over voltage protection, under voltage protection, synchronous control to the converter output voltage, and so on, remote control will give you help. The controls can be achieved by external circuit

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#### applied to the CNT pin.

This product is Positive logic control, when signal exceed the range of  $3.5V \sim 15V$ , or the level which can be received has a very narrow range, (such as turn-on between  $5.0V \sim 5.5V$ ), the aux. circuit will be required. Please contact us for more information.

#### Output Voltage Adjust

The converters have an Output Voltage adjust pin (Trim). This pin can be used to adjust the output voltage above or below Output voltage initial setting. When increasing the output voltage, the voltage at the output pins (including any remote sense offset) must be kept below the maximum output adjust range, or the characteristics will not be assured in compliant with the specification, even the over voltage protection may be triggered. Also note that at increased output voltages the maximum power rating of the converter 300W remains the same, and the output current capability will decrease correspondingly, at decrease output voltages the maximum current should not exceed 25A. When the trim pins are not used, they should be floated.



**Connection for Trimming Up** 

**Connection of Trimming Down** 

External circuit is connected as the figure shown, the resistance is calculated as the formula below, please note that the formula will be invalid when  $R_{Trim-upx}$   $R_{Trim-down}$  are used simultaneously, users adjust the value based on the resistance applied.

Resistance for trimming up : 
$$R_{Trim-up} = \left(\frac{23.83}{\Delta V} - 15\right)(k)$$
  
Resistance for trimming down :  $R_{Trim-down} = \left(\frac{(V_0 - \Delta V - 2.5) \times 9.53}{\Delta V} - 15\right)(k)$ 

Vo:rated output voltage;

 $\Delta$ V:change rate,divide output voltage by rated output voltage;

 $R_{Trim-up}$ ,  $R_{Trim-down}$ : resistance for trimming up or down, Unit: k $\Omega$ .

#### **Remote Sense**

The remote sense can be used to compensate for the voltage drop between the output pins of the converter and the load input pins by +S and -S pins. The +S and -S pins should be connected to the input pins of the load respectively. The remote sense circuit will compensate for up to 0.5V drop between the sense voltage and the voltage at the output pins. If the remote sense is not needed, the -S should be connected to -Vo and +S should be connected to +Vo.

The anti-interference design should be considered when the +S and -S pins are connected to the pins to be compensated. The +S and -S traces should be located close to a ground trace or ground plane, and the area they surrounded should be minimized (just for electrical isolation); If cable connection presents, twisted pair wires should be used, EMI core are equipped with the twisted pair wires to reduce common mode noise when necessary, the sense leads should not be longer than 200mm, or the system characteristics may not be assured.

The sense leads only can carry very little current, and are not used for converter power output. Care should be taken in operation to avoid damaging the converter.

#### **Output Over Voltage Protection(OVP)**

The clamp type over voltage protection feature is used to protect the converter, when output voltage exceeds



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 $120\% \sim 140\%$  of the rated output voltage ( the set point is between  $14.4V \sim 18.0V$ , there is the difference based on the specific parameters, but not beyond the range), the output voltage will be clamped. Be advised that to shut down the converter by using remote control (CNT) if it can not be repaired timely. Avoid the continuous resetting of the unit because that will damage the converter.

#### **EMC Solution**

Recommendation circuit for EMI Conducted emission, Fast transient/burst immunity, Surge immunity.



Part No.	Components	Part No.	Components
F1	15A	C2	220µF
RV1	221KD14	C3	1µF
C1、C6、C11	1µF	C4	220µF
C7、C8、C9、 C10	1000pF	C5	470µF Solid aluminum electrolytic capacitor
L1、L2	1mH Common Mode Inductors	L3	65µH Common Mode Inductor

#### **Thermal Consideration**

The loss of the converters in normal operation will be converted into heat which can cause the converters itself to rise in temperature. RAHS300-110A12 is provided with Over Temperature Protection Feature. The temperature sensor is located on the aluminum baseplate. The converters will be off when the average temperature of the baseplate is higher than that of the over temperature protection point.

In order to ensure that the converter can work normally at rated power, the client system needs to ensure that the aluminum baseplate temperture is less than 100 .

When aluminum baseplate temperture is higher than 100 , the derating curves should be referred or external heat dissipation measures. Forced air cooling or heatsink should be used. The air tunnel should be considered for forced air cooling, to avoid heated air be hindered or forming swirl; when heatsink used, it should be attached the converter closely, through double-side thermal conductivity insulation adhesive or thermal conductivity silicone for heat exchange. It is necessary to select the appropriate radiator according to the heat resistance of the radiator without air cooling.

#### **Safety Consideration**

The converter, as one component for the end user, should be installed into the equipment, and all the safety considerations are achieved under certain condition. It is required to meet safety requirements in system design for the user.

To avoid fire and be protected when short circuit occurred, it is recommended that a fast blow fuse with rating  $2.5 \sim 3$  times of converter continuous input peak current is used in series at the input terminal.(Inrush current suppression circuit is required for greater filter capacitance at input terminal, or it will result in the misoperation of the fuse).

#### **Product Installation and Heat Dissipation**

The product can be installed in user board, suggest using M3 screw to fix the products in user board, in order to enhance the bearing ability when impact and vibration coming. Note that, when you hammer the product using screws, this product shall be first fixed, again a needle pin welding, prevent strain soldered dot.



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Moreover the biggest torque of fastening screw cannot exceed 0.6 N.m, otherwise it will likely damage. the structural related to studs.

Metal surface of this product structured by aluminum PCB which has good thermal conductivity, mapping the overburden with heat conduction medias or thermal gaskets, then install proper radiator.

Proper radiator and flows through radiator wind will greatly enhance products cooling capacity. When you install radiator, you should be paid attention to the length of the bolt, ensure that has no relevant relatives with the screws fixed on PCB.

#### ESD Control

The converters are processed and manufactured in an ESD controlled environment and supplied in conductive packaging to prevent ESD damage from occurring before or during shipping. It is essential that they are unpacked and handled using an ESD control procedures. Failure to do so affects the lifetime of the converter.

#### **Delivery Package Information**

Package material is multiple wall corrugated ,internal material is anti-static foam ,it's surface resistance is from  $10^5 \Omega$  to  $10^{12} \Omega$ . Tray capacity: 12 PCS/box ,Tray weight: 1.18kg; Carton capacity:15×12=180 PCS ,Carton weight:17.7kg.

#### **Quality Statementc**

The converters are manufactured in accordance with ISO-9001 system requirements, in compliant with EN50155, and are monitored 100% by auto-testing system, 100% burn in. The warranty for the converters is 5-year.

#### **Contact Information**

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